# Environmental Heritage Diagnosis

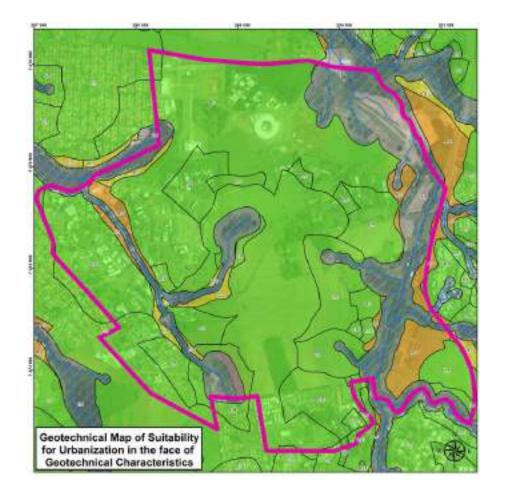
Geotechinical-Climate-Vegetation

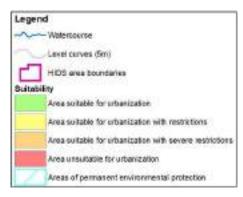
Carbono Zero

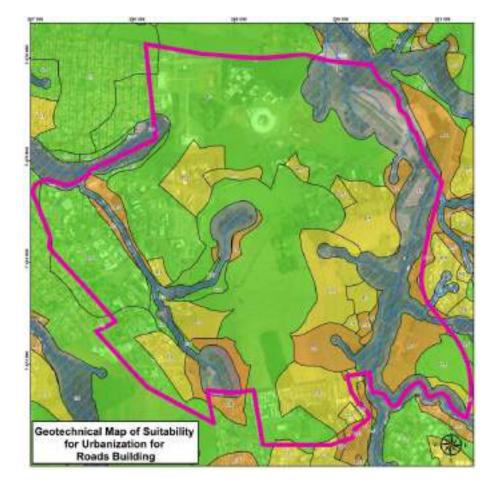
Regea

**VRP-Ambiental** 

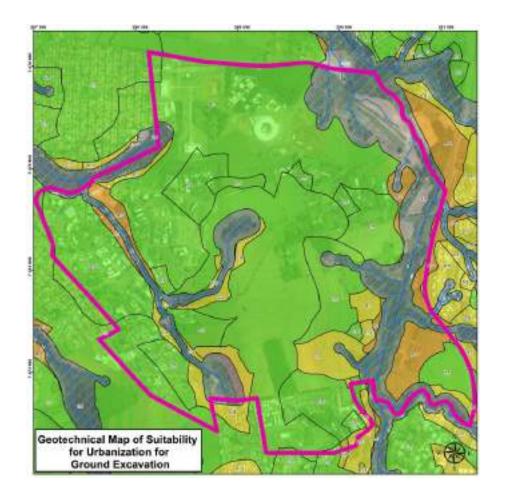
#### **Geotechnical Maps of Suitability for Urbanization**

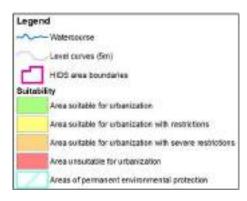






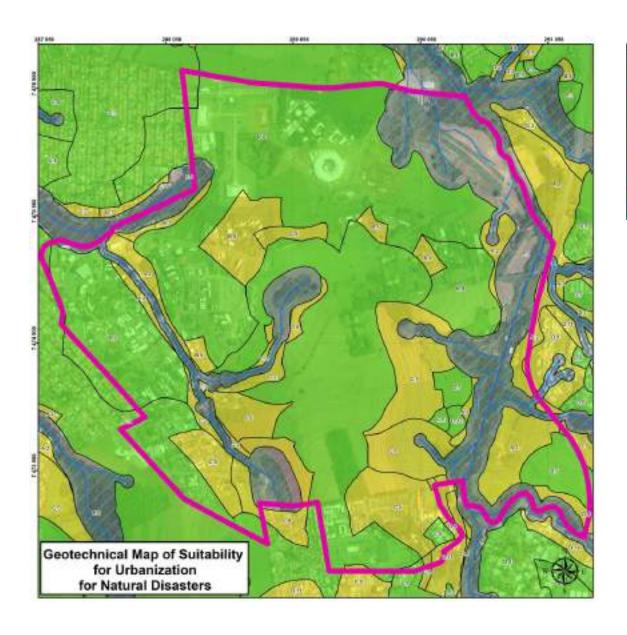
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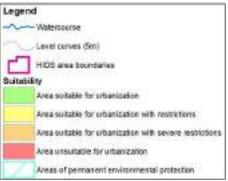






#### **Geotechnical Maps of Suitability for Urbanization**





Three maps of susceptibility to natural disasters (landslides, erosion, and floods) were prepared for this project, in addition to a great diversity of other maps.

These maps were part of the cartographic base used for the preparation of the five geotechnical maps of suitability for urbanization foreseen in the scope of the project, which were:

- Geotechnical Map of Suitability for Urbanization in the face of Geotechnical Characteristics
- Geotechnical Map of Suitability for Urbanization for Roads Building
- Geotechnical Map of Suitability for Urbanization for Ground Excavation
- Geotechnical Map of Suitability for Urbanization for Building Foundations

The maps prepared characterize the land about its suitability for urbanization, indicating the stretches where this suitability has no restrictions, where there are and which are the restrictions, and the stretches unsuitable for urbanization, both for their geotechnical characteristics as for the restrictions of current legislation.

## **Climate analisys**

## **Precipitation Observed data-Campinas**

Extreme events (RX1day) is increasing (>50mm/day) Delay in the wet season - Prolonged drought

Numerous flood events were recorded in urban areas, responsible for various property damages evicting hundreds of residentes (Sprissler, 2011). Floods occurred on March 24, 2016 and June 7, 2016 caused at least 19 deaths (Folha de São Paulo, 2016). Convective systems, which in turn, are characterized by a high spatial-temporal variability of the rainfall Vulnerabilities: Floods and drought urban areas have a great impact on the hydrometeorological behavior of the watersheds (Lima et al., 2018) Many extreme events have already been detected in this region, such as the event of June 5, 2016 (Pereira Filho et al., 2019; Rehbein et al., 2018). Rains come mostly from the west

Rain zones are well located, covering only a small portion of the region - high variance of the rainfall fields

Complexity of the atmospheric system, and, due the high variability of the types of weather systems that operate in the region (i.e., convective cells, Mesoscale Convective systems, squall lines, ZCAS, cold fronts, etc.

The severe rainfall events, are often formed by convective systems, which in turn, are characterized by a **high spatial-temporal variability of the rainfall** (Loriaux et al., 2013; Terranova & Gariano, 2014)

## **Climate analysis**

## **Temperature**

 Heat Islands are strongly related with land use (non-forested areas)

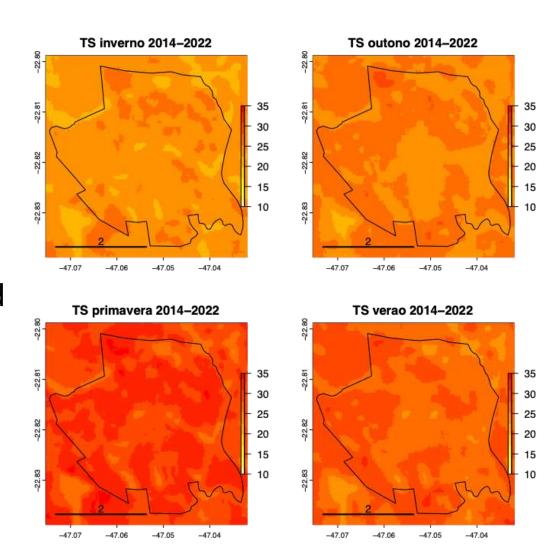
ESTAÇÃO DO ANO	GRADIENTE DE TEMPERATURA (°C)
VERÃO (DJF)	14.8
OUTONO (MAM)	12.9
INVERNO (JJA)	13.9
PRIMAVERA (SON)	14.3



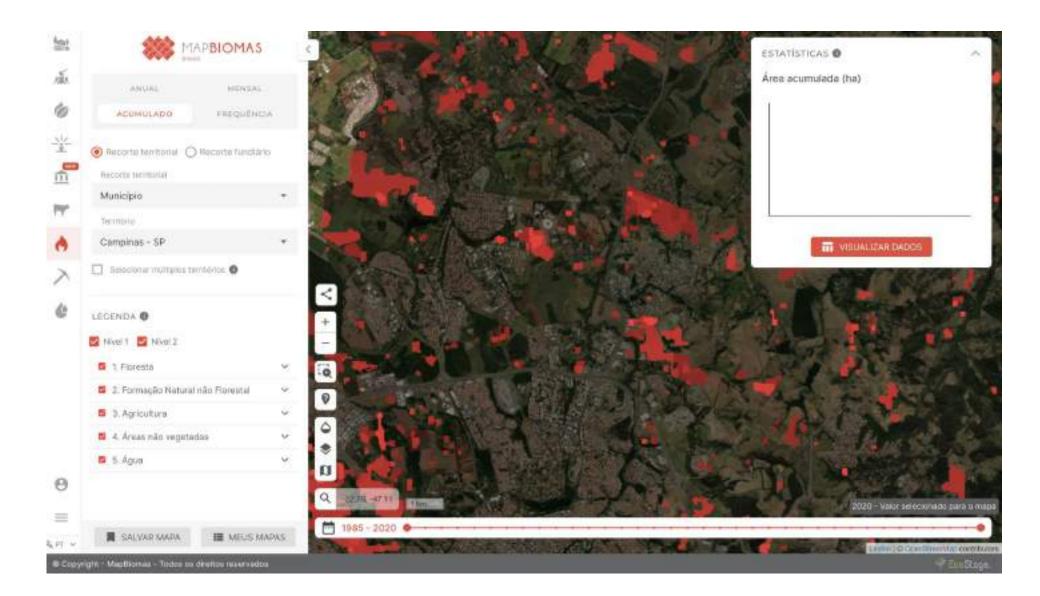
## **Climate analysis**

#### **Temperature**

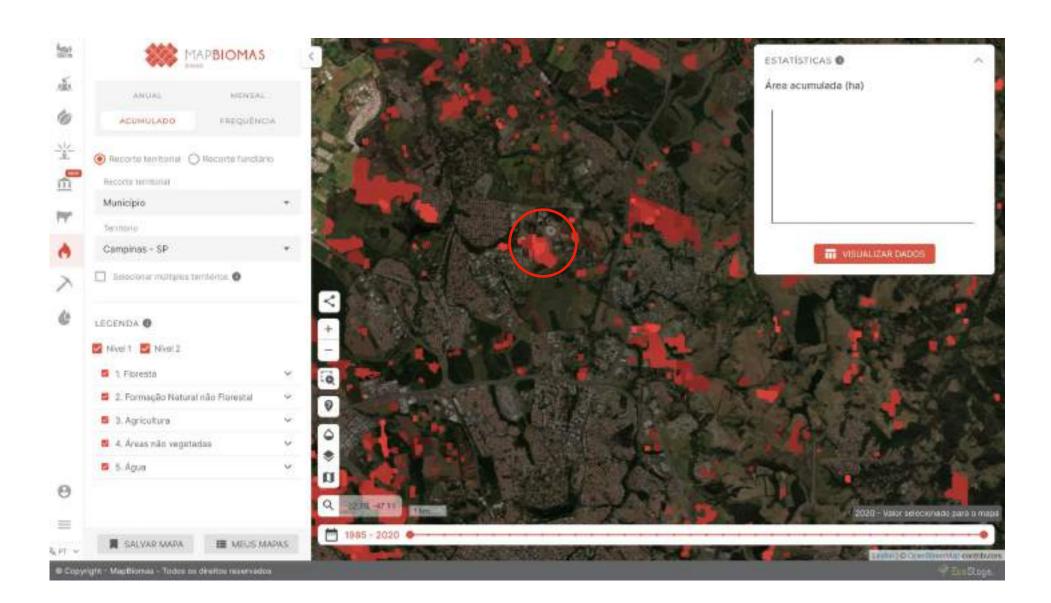
- Heat Islands are strongly related with land use (non-forested areas), altimetry, water stress, photosynthesises activity;
- Seasonal variability: the spring registered the most intense surface temperatures: season where the solar radiation has a higher incidence on surface(sensible heat).

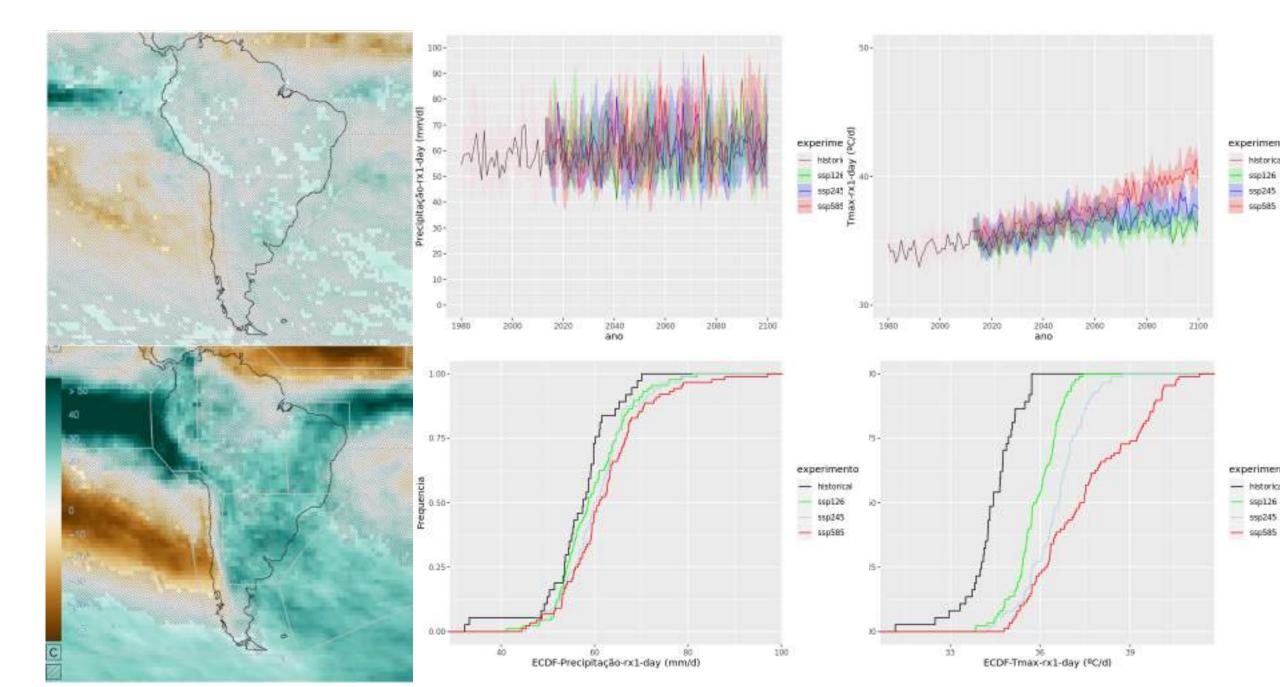


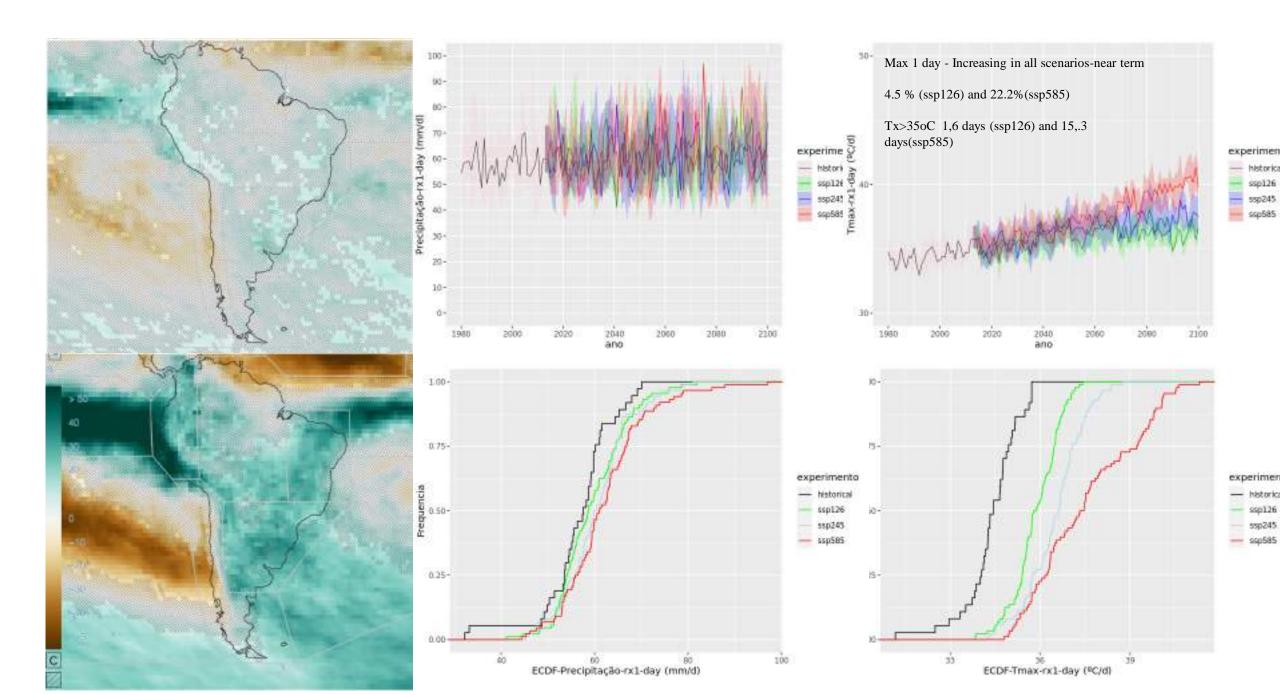
## Fires scars (1985-2020)



## Fires scars (1985-2020) / Heat island / Poor air quality





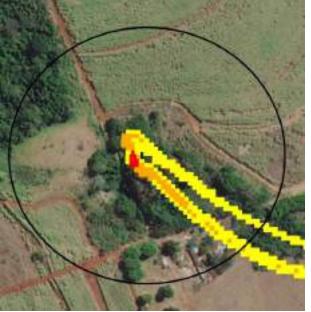


## **Climate analisys**

#### Nature based Solutions Lets make a cool island!







Limite das microbacias

Deposição de sedimentos

Hidrografia

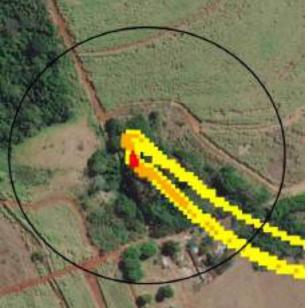
intensidade

Sediment yield and deposition - Critical areas





CarbonoZ Consultoria Ambie



Limite das microbacias

Deposição de sedimentos

Hidrografia

intensidade

Sediment yield and deposition - Critical areas for water

CarbonoZ

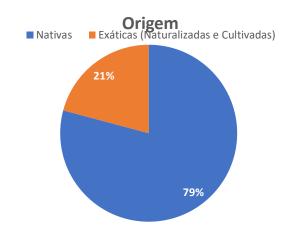


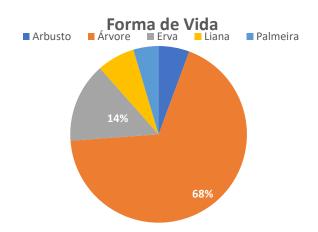
### Ecosystems services - Vegetation surveys

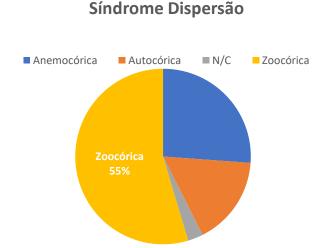


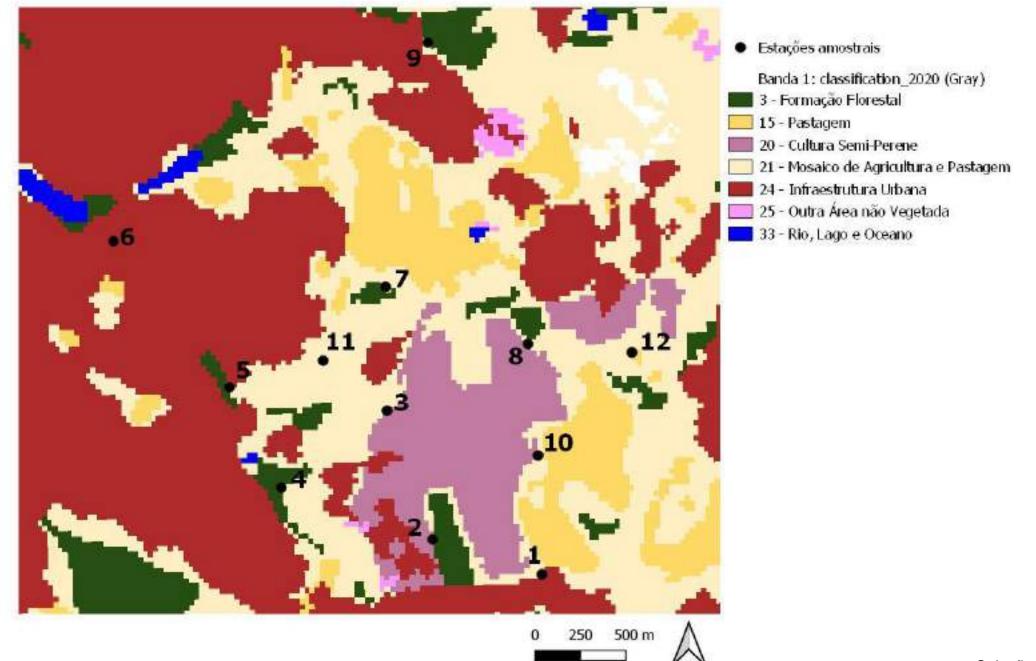
#### **390** species e **94** families

- **300** native species / **79** exotic (naturalizadas e cultivadas)
- Life form: **266** espécies arbóreas, **57** herbáceas, **27** lianas, **22** arbustos e **18** palmeiras
- Síndrome de dispersão: **213** espécies zoocóricas, **102** anemocóricas e **64** autocóricas











Trigonopedia sp T. spinipes

Polistes sp



These wasps are considered a biological control agent for sugarcane crops.

30 espécies de abelhas 4 espécies de vespas

